

Amendment Dated April 10, 2007
Serial No. 10/798,110

IN THE CLAIMS

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A method of designing low-density parity check codes, the method comprising the steps of:

creating a π -rotation parity check matrix having a first code rate; and

concatenating a first matrix to the π -rotation parity check matrix to increase the first code rate; and

storing the concatenated first matrix and π -rotation parity check matrix in a computer usable format.

Claim 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of iteratively concatenating additional matrices to the concatenation of the first matrix and the π -rotation parity check matrix to further increase the first code rate.

Claim 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the first matrix is formed by the steps of:

generating a plurality of available matrices;

encoding the matrices with information vectors of weights 1 and 2; and

discarding matrices with a low minimum distance.

Claim 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the first matrix is formed by the additional steps of:

calculating the approximate upper bound for matrices not discarded; and

selecting a small set of codes with advantageous characteristics under high signal to noise ratio.

Claim 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the advantageous characteristics comprise a lowest bound characteristic.

Claim 6. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the first matrix is formed by the additional steps of:

calculating girth distributions for the matrices; and

Amendment Dated April 10, 2007
Serial No. 10/798,110

selecting one of the matrices with a minimum number of short cycles.

Claim 7. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the first matrix is formed by the additional steps of:

calculating girth distributions for the matrices; and
selecting one of the matrices with a minimum number of short cycles.

Claim 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the first matrix is formed by the steps of:

generating a plurality of ~~available~~ matrices; and
selecting the first matrix based on expansion properties of the first matrix.

Claim 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the step of selecting the first matrix based on expansion properties of the first matrix comprises:

generating a plurality of matrices having good minimum distance profiles;
expanding the matrices to create a set of expanded matrices for a predetermined range;
and
selecting one of the matrices as the first matrix based on performance qualities of the corresponding expanded matrix.

Claim 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, further comprising determining an error probability of the expanded matrices for high signal to noise ratio.

Claim 11. (Currently Amended) A network element, comprising:

a processor,
at least one interface configured to engage in transmissions on a communication network;
and,
control logic configured to create a parity check matrix for use by the interface to perform forward error correction on the transmissions on the communication network, the parity check matrix comprising a π -rotation parity check matrix having a first code rate; and a first

Amendment Dated April 10, 2007
Serial No. 10/798,110

matrix concatenated to the π -rotation parity check matrix to increase the first code rate of the π -rotation parity check matrix.

Claim 12. (Currently Amended) The network element of claim 11, wherein the parity check matrix further comprises additional concatenations of additional matrices configured to further increase the first code rate of the concatenation of the first matrix and the π -rotation parity check matrix.

Claim 13. (Currently Amended) The network element of claim 11, further comprising code generation software ~~configured~~ to generate the parity check code for use by the interface.

Claim 14. (Original) The network element of claim 11, wherein the interface is an antenna configured to perform one of transmission and reception of wireless signals on a wireless communication network.

Claim 15. (Original) The network element of claim 11, further comprising routing software to enable the network element to implement routing decisions on the communication network.